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# SPIRIT OF THE MORNING PRESS.

The *Union* eulogises the portion of the message which the editor regards as a commentary upon "the mission of the Democracy," and from the unanimity with which Senator Bright was elected to preside over the Senate and the virtual defeat of the movement of Mr. Sillers, he draws the conclusion that "the party" in Congress, are destined to have a very harmonious time of it this winter.

The *Intelligencer* deplores the President's river and harbor bill vote, arguing that it is in direct contravention of the will of the people. The editor also regrets that the Secretary of the Navy in his report "has joined in a second bombardment of Greytown," though, as a whole, he compliments the report in question highly.

A SPLENDID WORK.—We have received the first numbers of the magnificent and richly embellished edition of Shakespeare, through the hands of H. Veysey, office on D street, corner of Ninth, and published by the London Publishing and Printing Company. The work contains nearly one hundred steel engravings of the most eminent artists of Europe, from daguerreotypes of American and English actors, viz: Edwin Forrest, G. V. Brooke, J. B. Booth, Anderson, &c., &c., all taken in stage costume. H. Veysey will supply all orders, he being agent expressly for this company, and the publishers well known popularity will be sufficient guarantee for the faithful performance of his duty to the patrons of this elegant work.

"THE YOUNG HUSBAND."—This is the title of a new novel by Mrs. Gore, sent us by Joe Shillington. Like the other productions of that lady it is admirably written; the Young Husband is an admirable production.

OUR PAPER.—The circulation of the *Star* was never so great as what it now is. During the past two weeks, our subscription list has increased at the rate of fifty per day.

CENTRAL BANK, N. Y.—A telegraphic dispatch in yesterday's *Star* stated that there was a run on the Central Bank of New York city. It should have been the Central Bank, Brooklyn. We are informed that the Central Bank of New York is one of the soundest in the State and a bank in good standing at the clearing house.

FOREIGN NEWS.—A dispatch from New York, in the morning papers, announced the steamer *Union* below, with four days later news from Europe. Up to this time we have heard nothing further from her, and think there must be some mistake about the announcement.

The recent storm at the North was the worst one that has visited that region for years. On the Lakes there have been some lives and much property lost. The shores of North river are lined with stranded canal boats, barges and sloops. The snow extended over Canada, where it is very deep.

THE FASHIONS.—From Joe Shillington, we have received the December number of Frank Leslie's *Gazette of Fashion*, and a splendid number it is, containing a large number of admirable plates and all the latest American and European fashions.

The Hudson River Railroad Company has advanced its fares to the extreme limit allowed by law. The fare from New York to Albany, 160 miles, is now \$3.

A teaspoon of powdered alum thrown into a pailful of water, will purify it, after standing a couple of hours.

# PERSONAL.

Mr. Chas. Eames, United States charge to Venezuela, has arrived in Washington.

The dentists of New York have called another meeting in relation to Beale's case, for Friday evening.

We see it stated that Mr. Throckmorton, who married Miss Mudge after the alleged outrage upon her person by Dr. Beale, has made an affidavit that he is satisfied no such outrage was committed! This is altogether a very curious case, and one demanding Executive investigation, if not of cleromancy.

The London democrats have had a meeting, Ernest Jones chairman, and "resolved" to kiss the emperor of France upon his visit to that city.

An exchange says:

In the Senate, General Cass is unquestionably the leading man, in point of influence, having been long enough connected with public affairs to have rendered his name historical. He, as well as some of his greater contemporaries, who have left the stage of life, was born in 1782. Temperance and activity of body and mind have given him a green old age. He was called to the chair of the Senate as a deserved compliment to his character and service.

The gossip of Rome is that the celebrated Father Peronne, S. J., is to be made a Cardinal. His Holiness, on a late occasion bestowed on him marks of the most particular regard.

McKean Buchanan, the American actor, is at Boston. If the London correspondent of the "Spirit of the Times" is to be believed, he returns to this country loaded with money and covered with histrionic honors.

J. S. Orr, the "Angel Gabriel," delivered an address at the Broadway Tabernacle, New York, last evening. His subject was "Freedom to man, be he black or white, from physical, mental and spiritual despotisms." He also promised to "make known the facts regarding the late high handed outrages upon his liberty by the officials in the cities of Worcester, Charlestown, Newburyport, Philadelphia and Washington." His charge for enlightening the public on all these points was twenty-five cents.

# WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The Government's Finances.—Even our contemporaries of the New York *Tribune*, so vehemently and bitterly opposed to all the principles and views upon which the present head of the Treasury Department discharges the trust devolved on him, say, in effect, that his management of his branch of the Government, developed in his report, reflects high credit upon his judgment, energy, skill, and determination to do justice to his charge. When that journal makes such virtual admissions, it is really to be taken for granted that Mr. Guthrie's annual showing embraces no weak points whatever.

On the first July, 1853, according to this report, there was in the treasury a balance of \$21,942,000. In the fiscal year ending 30th June last, the receipts from lands and customs were \$73,650,000. Out of this total of \$95,592,000, \$24,338,000 have been expended in redeeming a portion of the public debt—\$20,098,000 of the last-mentioned item being for the purchase of the principal of that debt; and on the 1st of last July he had left in the Government's coffers \$20,137,000.

Mr. Secretary Guthrie is of opinion that the lands and customs revenue for the fiscal year to end on the 30th of June next will be much less than that during the last year—that is, but \$64,021,000; and that in the current fiscal year the total of the Government's expenses will be \$64,345,000, without the expenditure of any more in retiring United States stocks, which policy he urges with great force upon Congress. He also estimates that, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1856, (exclusive of the cost of retiring Government stocks,) the Government will cost the good people of the United States \$60,069,000, while their lands and customs revenue in that year will be \$62,500,000.

He again urgently presents to Congress the necessity for a prompt and thorough revision of the rates of duties on imports, recommending but four scales, viz: a free list, a twenty-five per centum list, a forty per centum list and a list at one hundred per centum. We fear, however, that Congress will hardly listen to his sensible suggestions on this particular head, the Tariff question being at this time in pretty much the same situation before their honors as the Internal Improvement question. There are any number of local interests to be furthered in framing any new Tariff bill, which, aggregated, bid fair to prove stronger than any plan based on the general interest of the country only. On all sides, it seems to us, honorable members have crochets and hobbies of their own in connection with any general alteration of the existing system of duties on imports. The Secretary's recommendations in this connection, if carried out, however, will effect the following ends: First, they will, it strikes us, lay the foundation for an eventual close approximation to free trade. They will increase and invigorate commerce, by so simplifying our system of imports as to bring it, in all its parts, within the comprehension of the dullest intellect engaged in commerce. They will, also, greatly decrease the number of custom-house employees needed. No consummations are more devoutly to be prayed for than these two last mentioned, as all will admit, whatever may be the complexion of their politics.

There is no graver cause of alarm under our Government than that growing out of the immense increase in the number of Government employees which the expansion of our country in all its industrial attributes has brought about within the last twenty-five years. One of its most glaring effects has been the introduction on the political stage of hundreds of thousands of small-beer politicians—office-seekers—who dabble in public affairs of which for the most part they are really profoundly ignorant. If our Government is to prove a failure, we shall probably have to thank the corrupting influence of the demagoguism of this particular class of patriots who have already made politics a trade as it were, to be followed only for what may be made by it. All thoughtful and disinterested persons doubtless agree with us that any reform likely to decrease considerably the number of employees requisite in carrying on the Government of the United States is to be hailed with joy and gratitude. In view of this fact, we anticipate wide-spread popularity indeed, for Secretary Guthrie's views of the propriety of so classifying the rates of duties on imports, as greatly to simplify and lessen the cost of their collection.

River and Harbor Improvements by the General Government.—The result of the action of the House, yesterday, on the veto message, or rather on the vetoed river and harbor bill of the last session, embraces satisfactory proof that nothing will become law at this session, to the end of improving interior harbors and rivers. To pass the bill over the veto required a two-thirds vote. Instead of receiving that, its friends found themselves in a meagre majority, indeed, of some fifteen less than they polled on the original passage of the bill. Now, we are very sure that no river and harbor improvement bill can pass the House, which may be long-rolled. That is, that fails to embrace many items designed particularly to satisfy local interests—put into it in order to secure for it the votes of members representing particular localities. The President has more than once proclaimed that he cannot sanction any such bill; his idea being that, to be constitutional, any such appropriation must propose an expenditure for a work that is clearly national. So, in brief, do we comprehend his position to be. As he will not sign any other internal improvement bill, and as none but a bill framed to meet local objects in part, at least, can pass the House, of course no such bill whatever can become law during the balance of the life time of this Congress.

Our readers may now write it down a fixed fact that none of the existing surplus in the Treasury is to be devoted to carrying out a system of harbor and river improvements.

The Delegate elect from Kansas.—Mr. Whitfield, just chosen to be the delegate from Kansas, is an Arkansas man, reared on the frontier. He is a gentleman of great energy and emphasis of character, and is "hard to beat" at anything he undertakes. For the comfort of our Northern fellow citizens who have undertaken to mould affairs in Kansas to suit themselves, rather than the people who have cast their lot there, we have to say that in his views of the fitness of things political, Mr. Whitfield will be found to be a second edition of Senator Robert Johnson, of Arkansas. They are emphatically chips from the same block, we hear. By the by, it appears to be understood by the knowing ones in the federal city, that Mr. Whitfield is largely indebted for his triumph to the vote of parties sent out

by the Northern emigration aid societies. The views of many of that class of emigrants change wonderfully between the time of getting their free ticket for the journey out, and that of choosing their tickets to be voted when they were called on to commence shaping the institutions of the embryo State.

Senator Atchison.—It is well known in Washington that the stories (of Abolition parentage) charging that Senator Atchison has been engaged in a scheme to pack Kansas with five thousand fraudulent votes, are about the silliest roboracks ever invented in the factory in which Abolitionism turns out falsehoods, as though with a machine capable of producing a new one as fast as shoe-pegs are turned out in New England. On the day after different versions of this roborack reach Washington, we have the account of the election of Whitfield, to be the delegate from Kansas, in Congress, by an overwhelming majority. This story appearing first in the immediate organ of Col. Benton, by the by, is thought to do little credit to the Colonel's editor's sagacity. He should have started it sooner, to make it stick. To invent it but a day before the election in Kansas, was bungling work on his part; as it has satisfied all, not that General Atchison has been engaged as he asserts, but that the malignity of his Missouri maligners is so bitter as to make them proclaim their own shame, as it were—that they hesitate not to slander him, even under circumstances in which to do so, is to proclaim to the world the dirty work they are engaged in.

The Accounts of Mr. C. L. Russell, ex-Collector at Cleveland, Ohio.—We learn that since that person has been indicted under the Treasury law for defalcation, he has paid into the Treasury, through the District Attorney for Ohio, \$25,000, and has secured \$50,000 more subsequently, so that it cannot fail to be eventually recovered. It is not yet known what is the precise balance due from Russell, this being one of the "false entry" cases alluded to in the report of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Business.—There is an evident wish of a large number of members of the House to proceed promptly to business. Yet, the coolest observers around us are beginning to be of opinion that there is a much larger amount of pent-up talk to be previously duly blown off, than was expected before the members came together. Those whose judgment in such matters we have reason to place most confidence, seem satisfied by the manner in which the session has already opened, that there is no telling when real business will be taken up systematically by the House, so evidently inclined, just now, to go a "wonder mongering."

The Wage and Gorman's Disappointed.—In sending the Ostend inquiry to the Foreign Affairs Committee yesterday, we fear the House have deprived the lovers of a good joke, all over the country, of the finest possible opportunity for a very hearty laugh; and the gormands of important information concerning the quality—if not the price—of the far-famed oysters of Ostend.

The Current Operations of the Treasury Department.—On yesterday, the 6th of Dec, there were of Treasury Warrants entered on the books of the Department—

For the redemption of stock.....	\$7,018 71
For the Interior Department.....	1,943 79
For the Customs.....	6,666 72
For the War Department.....	25,342 58
For repaying in the War Department.....	2,042 58
For repaying in the Interior Department.....	630 10

# CONGRESSIONAL.

In the House, yesterday, after we went to press, the question recurred on the motion to refer to the Committee on Foreign Affairs the resolution of Mr. Sillers calling on the President for information concerning the meeting of American diplomatic functionaries at Ostend, was put and carried in the affirmative—yeas 93, nays 83, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. J. C. Allen, Willis Allen, David J. Bailey, Thomas H. Bayly, Barksdale, Barry, Bell, Elias, Brooks, Breckinridge, Bridges, Caskey, Chaastain, Clark, Clingman, Cobb, Colquitt, Craig, John G. Davis, Dawson, Disney, Dowdell, Dunbar, Eddy, Edgerston, Edmundson, Ellison, English, Faulkner, Fenton, Florence, Fuller, Goode, Greene, Hamilton, Sampson, W. Harris, Wiley P. Harris, Hastings, Howe, Hunt, Daniel T. Jones, Hillyer, Houston, Hughes, Ingersoll, Johnson, George W. Jones, J. Glancy Jones, Kittredge, Kurtz, Lamb, Lewis, Lindsey, Macdonald, McDougall, McQuinn, McQueen, Macy, Maxwell, Smith Miller, Olds, Orr, Bishop Perkins, John Perkins, Phelps, Phillips, Pratt, Riddle, Robbins, Rowe, Ruffin, Seymour, Shannon, Shaw, Shower, Singleton, Skelton, Wm. Smith, Wm. R. Smith, Geo. W. Smyth, Straub, David Stuart, John J. Taylor, Trout, Freed, Walsh, Warren, John Westworth, Westbrook, Witte, and Hendrick B. Wright—93.

Nays—Messrs. Ball, Banks, Bennett, Bristow, Campbell, Carpenter, Caruthers, Chandler, Chase, Corwin, Cox, Crocker, Cullom, Thos. Davis, De Witt, Dick, Dickinson Eastman, Edwards, Thos. D. Elliot, Etheridge, Everhart, Farley, Flager, Franklin, Goodrich, Goodwin, Gray, Aaron Harlan, Harrison, Haven, Hester, Hill, Howe, Hunt, Daniel T. Jones, Knox, Letcher, Lindley, McCulloch, Mace, Matteson, Mayall, Meacham, Middlewarth, Milson, Morgan, Murray, Mordecai Oliver, Parker, Peck, Peckham, Pennington, Preston, Pringle, Ready, Reese, Thos. Ritchey, Russell, Sabin, Sage, Sapp, Simmons, Sillers, Fred. P. Stanton, Rich'd H. Stanton, Stratton, Andrew Stuart, John L. Taylor, Nathaniel G. Taylor, Teller, Thurston, Tracy, Upham, Wade, Walbridge, Watney, Elihu B. Washburn, Israel Washburn, John Wentworth, Wheeler, and Zollhofer—83.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Tenn., 15,000 extra copies of the Secretary of the Treasury's annual report were ordered to be printed.

The special order, the vetoed river and harbor bill, then came up.

Mr. Clingman moved its postponement to some future day.

Mr. Dunbar suggested this day week, which being accepted by Mr. C.

The bill was discussed on the motion to postpone by Messrs. Taylor of Ohio, Wentworth, of Illinois, and Campbell.

The question being on the passage of the said bill over the President's veto. It was rejected (two-thirds being required)—yeas 95, nays 50—as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Appleton, Ball, Banks, Bennett, Bliss, Bristow, Campbell, Carpenter, Caruthers, Chandler, Chase, Clark, Corwin, Cox, Crocker, Daniel, Deane, Dick, Dickinson, Dunbar, Eastman, Eddy, Edgerston, Edwards, Thos. D. Elliot, Ellison, English, Etheridge, Everhart, Farley, Fenton, Flager, Florence, Goodrich, Goodwin, Green, Greenwood, Grey, Aaron Harlan, Harrison, Haven, Hester, Hill, Howe, Hughes, Hunt, Johnson, Knox, Lindsey, Lindsey, McCulloch, Mace, Macy, Matteson, Mayall, Meacham, Middlewarth, Morgan, Noble, Mordecai Oliver, Parker, Peck, Peckham, Pennington, Preston, Pringle, Ready, Riddle, David Ritchie, Russell, Sabin, Sage, Sapp, Seymour, Shower, Simmons, Frederick P. Stanton, Hector L. Stevens, Andrew Stuart, David Stuart, John L. Taylor, Nathaniel G. Taylor, Teller, Thurston, Tracy, Trout, Wade, Walley, Elihu B. Washburn, Israel Washburn, John Wentworth, Tappan Wentworth, Wheeler, and Zollhofer—95.

Nays—Messrs. Jas. C. Allen, Willis Allen, Barksdale, Barry, Bell, Brooks, Breckinridge, Bridges, Caskey, Chaastain, Clingman, Clingman, Cobb, Colquitt, Craig, Curtis,

John G. Davis, Disney, Dowdell, Edmundson, Faulkner, Fuller, Goode, Grov, Hamilton, Sampson, W. Harris, Wiley P. Harris, Hastings, Hendricks, Hibbard, Hillyer, Houston, Ingersoll, Daniel T. Jones, George W. Jones, J. Glancy Jones, Kittredge, Kurtz, Lamb, Latham, Letcher, Lewis, Macdonald, McDougall, McQuinn, McQueen, Maxwell, Smith Miller, Milson, Murray, Olds, Orr, Bishop Perkins, John Perkins, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Pratt, Reese, Rowe, Ruffin, Shannon, Shaw, Singleton, Skelton, Wm. Smith, Wm. R. Smith, George W. Smyth, Richard E. Stanton, Stratton, Straub, John J. Taylor, Walbridge, Walsh, Warren, and Hendrick B. Wright—50.

Mr. Sillers introduced a bill providing for the purchase of so much of the turnpike road as lies within the limits of the District of Columbia, and making the same free; referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia. The House then adjourned.

# Proceedings of To-Day.

In the Senate, this morning, a resolution was offered by Mr. Badger, and agreed to, to pay Senator Atchison the difference between his pay as a Senator and that of Vice President, during the time he was President *pro tempore* of the Senate.

Mr. Seward presented the petition of E. K. Collins and others, of New York, praying further provision for the protection of life on sea-going vessels; referred to Committee on Commerce.

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A bill for the relief of George Fisher was passed.

Mr. Pearce offered a joint resolution re-appointing Rufus Choate, of Mass., and Gideon Hawley, of N. Y., regents of the Smithsonian Institution, which was passed.

Mr. Badger gave notice that, on Monday next, he would introduce a bill increasing the pay of members of Congress and Judges of the Supreme Court.

In the House, Mr. Maxwell introduced a bill for the sale of the reserved lands in Florida; referred to the committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Houston reported from the Ways and Means Committee, the usual annual invalid and other pensions bill, and the annual Indian appropriation bill, embracing also appropriations for the fulfillment of the various existing Indian treaties; both of which were referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Henn introduced a bill for the improvement of the rapids of the Mississippi; also, a bill to compensate the owners of the town of Omaha, in Nebraska Territory, which were appropriately referred.

It was then moved and carried, that when the House adjourns, it adjourns over until Monday next.

Mr. Cox then rising, announced the death, during the past recess, of Hon. Presley Ewing, a member of the House of Representatives, in an appropriate eulogy, closing with offering the usual resolutions on such an occasion.

Other eulogies upon the deceased were then delivered by Mr. Bristow and other members.

# GEORGETOWN CORRESPONDENCE.

Georgetown, Dec. 7, 1854.

We can assure *Samuel*, of the *Organ*, that he has either been sold by some wag who wishes to poke fun at him, or has been unlawfully *Star-gazing* until his brilliant and steady light has so seriously affected his vision as to leave him continually laboring under an optical delusion, which has caused him to mistake his own favorite team, which has already been foundered by drinking too freely at muddy streams, while in a heated state, for the *Star* or lightning line.

If one of the other of the foregoing suppositions is not correct, *Samuel* is certainly well qualified to adorn his profession. We can further assure him that, notwithstanding the "herculean efforts" of some of the friends of the opposition, that the fast team is growing fatter and stronger, and that the patronage to the line has increased over five per cent. during the last six days.

We learn from the captain of a vessel that reached our wharves yesterday, that quite a large number of vessels, chiefly small, river craft, were driven ashore along our river during the heavy gale of Monday and Tuesday.

Our notice of the death of Mrs. Harden, yesterday, it should have been Louisburg instead of Williamsburg.

A considerable quantity of ice is floating about our harbor this morning. Navigation upon the river, however, continues open.

A monetary benefit was given at Forest Hall, last night, by the members of the Vigilant Fire Company to Dun Bowers, the vocalist.

Sales of Flour, as wanted for home consumption, at \$5 50 a \$8 75, as in quality. Sales of wheat, at \$1 82 a \$1 85, and of white at \$1 85 a \$1 90. Oats, 48 c, by the cargo. We hear of no sales of corn.

The butchers of New York are at loggerheads with the cattle dealers. They wish to break up the combination of cattle dealers, who keep up the prices by commanding the market. The latter have one fixed market day when they bring their cattle for sale. The butchers are determined to have no fixed market day, but to have the dealers bring their cattle in every day of the week.

The American schooner seized by the Cuban Government, at Baracoa, has been searched in presence of the United States Commercial Agent, and a large quantity of arms was found aboard, false partitions having been constructed for better stowage.

A great fire occurred at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on the 22d of November, which totally destroyed the business part of the city. The loss is estimated at \$50,000. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Price of Provisions out West.—Beef is selling at from 6 to 10 cents per pound. (Here it is 9a16c.) Chickens 30 cts. the pair. Butter 18 to 20 cts. Potatoes 18a20 cts the peck.

The agricultural produce of this season in Ireland will, it is said, reach £10,000,000 sterling above that of last year.

A CARD.—The President and Faculty of Georgetown College feel under great obligations to the Vigilant Fire Company, of Georgetown, for their prompt and generous exertions on the morning of the 6th instant, in arresting the progress of a fire which originated in the workshops of the Institution, and thus saving the entire building from the flames.

The conduct of the firemen on the occasion was worthy of all praise, and shows that they are true to the name and worthy of the confidence and esteem of the public. The inmates of the College will not soon forget their noble conduct on this occasion. BERNARD A. MAGUIRE, President. GEORGETOWN COLLEGE, December 6th, 1854.

Montgomery Guards, Attention.—The regular meeting of the Montgomery Guards, will be held on THURSDAY, the 7th instant. All the members are requested to be present, as business of importance will be transacted. By order of Captain Key.

THOS. MCENRY, O. S.

LOST—ON TUESDAY LAST, BETWEEN THE City of Washington and the City of New York, a small black dog, with a white collar, and a red ribbon around its neck, the owner of which will be liberally rewarded and confer a great favor by leaving the same at Taylor & Maury's Bookstore.

TOYS & FANCY GOODS, a general assortment at

LAMMOND'S, 7th st.

DOLLS AND DOLL HEADS, and Toys generally, at

LAMMOND'S, Seventh st.

ROBES, &c.—WE INVITE ATTENTION TO A assortment of wool, jetted, buffalo and other Robes, also, Horse Covers and great variety of all kinds, which we offer at reduced prices.

LUTZ & BRALL.

Saddle, Harness and Trunk Makers, next to National Hotel,

dec 7—3t

COFF GRABS IN WINTER.—EPICURUS OUT.—A done!—Fresh Crab will be secured up at GAUTIER'S on Saturday evening, December 9th, for the first time in the history of the world.

C. GAUTIER, 253 Penna. avenue.

dec 7—3t

COOKING.—C. GAUTIER WILL SEND TO the house of his patrons a first class French Cook at \$2 per day. Marketing and everything furnished for diners.

Just received, 55 Mega Malaga Grapes. C. GAUTIER, 253 Penna. avenue.

dec 7—3t

LES LIES LADIES' GAZETTE OF Fashion for December is received and for sale by SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore. The Ladies' Gazette of Fashion contains plain and ornamental designs of Paris, London and New York winter fashions for ladies and children's apparel. The New York Herald, Tribune and Times received every evening, and for sale at

SHILLINGTON'S Bookstore, Odeon Building, corner 4th & Pa. ave. dec 7—1f

FIG PARCIES is a la Gautier.—There in a very delicious Dessert call at GAUTIER'S and try his Fig and Date Parcels, which are pure and delicious of flavor are unequalled.

C. GAUTIER, 253 Penna. avenue.

dec 7—3t

THE DYING GLADIATOR.

THE public are respectfully informed that Gott's celebrated full-sized copy, in marble, of the DYING GLADIATOR, the most renowned statue of antiquity which has been handed down to the present time, is now on exhibition on 4th street, near Pennsylvania avenue. This work has been pronounced a faithful copy of the great original by all artists and connoisseurs who have seen it, while it justly ranks as the most perfect specimen of the sublime and ever-bruising art of the kind in America. Indeed it is the only work of the kind ever exhibited in this country, calculated to give the beholder who has not been abroad, a just conception of the skill of the ancients in designing and executing works of sculpture, in which it will be recollected, they have never been rivaled by subsequent generations.

TERMS OF ADMISSION: Sees n tickets, admitting a Lady and Gentle.

Single tickets, 25 cents. Children half price.

Hours of Admission—from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

dec 7—1f

THE GREAT WONDERS OF THE AGE!

Performance Extraordinary

CONCERT BY THE

"American Mocking Bird,"

AND ORPHEAN BROTHERS.

MASTER J. SINCLAIR BAKER, "The American Mocking Bird," formerly of the National Theatre, Philadelphia, and late of Wood's Varieties, &c., assisted by the renowned ORPHEAN BROTHERS, late of Barnum's Museum, New York, respectfully announce to the citizens of Washington that they will give one of their Pleasing and Novel Entertainments at

IRON HALL, commencing on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 12th, consisting of Songs, Solos, Glee, Oratorios, Burlesques, Imitations of the Songs of Birds, Vestralium, Fancy Dancing, &c., &c.

Master J. SINCLAIR BAKER, the wonderful Imitator of Birds, Ventriologist, Vocalist and Fancy Dancer, only 12 years of age.

Master J. WILLIAMS, the celebrated Violinist and Soloist, only 12 years of age.

Master D. WILLIAMS, the charming Banjo Player, 10 years of age.

Master S. WILLIAMS, the renowned Tambourine and Bone Performer, 8 years of age.

The extraordinary Gift of Imitation and Ventriology which Master S. possesses has never been exhibited in any other human being, and may never be again. Let all small boys and girls, and all who wish to see and hear one who stands alone invested with power, which cannot be taught or transferred, and who may justly be considered the eighth Wonder of the World.

Master S. has a truly wonderful performance of these highly gifted Children, the attention of the public is invited, especially the ladies, as nothing will be done that could offend the most fastidious.

For particulars see small bills.